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EMN European Migration Network

Ad-Hoc Query

2024.50 Fees paid by third-country nationals for residence permits (elaboration of AHQ 2024.46)

European Migration Network
Ad-hoc query

AD-HOC QUERY ON 2024.50 FEES PAID BY THIRD-COUNTRY NATIONALS FOR RESIDENCE PERMITS (ELABORATION OF AHQ 2024.46)

REQUESTED BY EMN NCP FINLAND ON 21 AUGUST 2024

Responses from: EMN NCP Belgium, EMN NCP Bulgaria, EMN NCP Croatia, EMN NCP Cyprus, EMN NCP Czech Republic, EMN NCP Estonia, EMN NCP Finland, EMN NCP France, EMN NCP Germany, EMN NCP Greece, EMN NCP Hungary, EMN NCP Italy, EMN NCP Latvia, EMN NCP Lithuania, EMN NCP Luxembourg, EMN NCP Netherlands, EMN NCP Norway, EMN NCP Poland, EMN NCP Portugal, EMN NCP Serbia, EMN NCP Slovakia, EMN NCP Slovenia, EMN NCP Spain, EMN NCP Sweden, EMN NCP Ukraine **(25 in total)**

Disclaimer: The following responses have been provided primarily for the purpose of information exchange among EMN National Contact Points (NCPs) in the framework of the EMN. The contributing EMN NCPs have provided, to the best of their knowledge, information that is up-to-date, objective and reliable. Note, however, that the information provided does not necessarily represent the official policy of an EMN Country.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Finnish Immigration Service seeks to improve the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of its residence permit processes. This includes calculating to which extent the fees paid by the third-country nationals cover the actual costs of processing applications in the Finnish Immigration Service. In this context, Finland is also reviewing some of its fees.
For comparison, Finland is interested to find out what are the fees paid by third-country nationals (application fees and/or issuance fees) in other EMN Member and Observer Countries, and what is the basis for determining the level of these fees. In Finland, the rationale behind the fees is to cover the costs of processing applications in the Finnish Immigration Service (i.e. cost-relatedness). Finland would be interested to know if similar criteria in determining the fees are applied in other Member or Observer Countries.
Also, Finland is interest to know if third-country national children applying for citizenship must pay a fee. In addition, Finland is interested to know the cost of an alien's passport.
This query is a thematic continuation of Poland's recent AHQ 2024.46 on Fees paid by third-country nationals for granting residence permits. Finland is, however, more specifically interested on the rationale behind the fees in addition to the actual amount of the fees, and therefore we would like to elaborate on Poland's recent query.
*In order to avoid duplication, please state if the response to Q1 and Q2 can be found from your response to AHQ 2024.46 launched on 13 August 2024.

We would be grateful if you could provide responses to the following questions by 18 September. The deadline of 4 weeks has been agreed with the head of the AHQ working group, as the information is needed urgently for budgetary consultations.

WE WOULD LIKE TO ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

We would very much appreciate your responses by **18 September 2024**.

1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?*

2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?*

3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate.

4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this?

5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount?

6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country?

RESPONSES

		Wider Dissemination?	
	EMN NCP Belgium	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Single permit (A-card limited duration, article 61/25-1 of the Belgian Migration Act of 15 December 1980). Application fee of € 144. The issuance fee of the card is €19,60 (or €116,40 if it's an urgency procedure) + possible

			tax of municipalities. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Also the A-card limited duration. Application fee of €237 (recognised educational institution, if private educational institution, it's only €229). The issuance fee is €19,60 (or €116,40 if it's an urgency procedure) + possible tax of municipalities. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes. The fees cover the administrative costs. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? An external consultant has calculated the actual costs of processing an application (after the original Royal Decrees were annulled by the Council of State). The calculation method can be found in the Report to the King accompanying the Royal Decree of 9 February 2022: https://www.ejustice.just.fgov.be/cgi_loi/article.pl?language=fr&lg_txt=f&type=&sort=&numac_search=&cn_search=2022020909&caller=eli&&view_numac=2022020909nx2022020909fx2022020909nl This report describes the methodology for calculating administrative burdens at the Immigration Office. The process includes five components: time parameter (T), hourly rate (P), out-of-pocket costs, quantity parameter (Q), and frequency (F). 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? No

			6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? € 61 + possible tax of municipalities
	EMN NCP Bulgaria	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Single permit for up to three years stay. Please, see our response to the previous ad hoc 2024.46. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Students' residence permit for up to one year stay. Please, see our response to the previous ad hoc 2024.46. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? At the time when the fees have been defined, we took into consideration resources spent on civil servants salaries, different sorts of consumptions, time needed on processing the applications and work and checks to be done, information system maintenance etc.

			5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? A minor under the age of 18 can apply for Bulgarian citizenship only on the basis of a Bulgarian citizen parent. The fee is BGN 10 (€ 5). 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The fee is € 25.
	EMN NCP Croatia	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Single permit. The administrative fee for the process of issuing a single permit paid by the TCN is 74,32 EUR if the application is submitted to the competent authority in the Republic of Croatia. Additionally in Croatia, the issuance of a biometric residence permit card is charged at EUR 31.85, and if a party wishes to issue a residence permit in an accelerated procedure, i.e. within 5 working days from the date of submission, the fee is EUR 59.73. In addition to the costs of the issuance of a residence permit, an administrative fee of EUR 9.29 is charged. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Temporary residence permit for the purpose of studies. The administrative fee for the process of issuing a temporary residence permit paid by the TCN is 46.45 EUR if the application is submitted to the competent authority in the Republic of Croatia. Additionally in Croatia, the issuance of a biometric residence permit card is charged at EUR 31.85, and if a party wishes to issue a residence permit in an accelerated procedure, i.e. within 5 working days from the date of submission, the fee is EUR 59.73. In addition to

			the costs of the issuance of a residence permit, an administrative fee of EUR 9.29 is charged. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. n/a 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? n/a 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? No, if the child is covered by the application for the acquisition of Croatian citizenship of the parents who submits an application for himself or herself and the child, no special fee is charged for the child. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The price of a biometric special passport for third-country nationals is 42.47 EUR and an administrative fee of EUR 4.65 is payable. For the issuance of a biometric special travel document for an TCN instead of a damaged or missing passport, an administrative fee of EUR 13.94 is
	EMN NCP Cyprus	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Cyprus, the most commonly issued permit for employment reasons is a single permit for the purpose of domestic

			employment. The fee for such permit varies between €80 (for a permit renewal) and €140 (for issuance on an entry and residence permit, as well as a once-off registration to the Aliens Registry). 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Cyprus, the most commonly issued permit for education reasons is a permit for Students. The fee for such permit varies between €55 (for a permit renewal) and €140 (for issuance on an entry and residence permit, as well as a once-off registration to the Aliens Registry). 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? Fees are set with the intention to not be disproportionate or excessive. Therefore, fees are set to cover the actual submission and processing costs (calculated by measuring the cost of east processing step). 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? awaiting an answer 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? 70 euros

	EMN NCP Czech Republic	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common residence permit is the employee card, a consular fee of CZK 5,000 which is approximately EUR 200 (the amount is collected in € according to the Czech National bank exchange rate set on the first day of the month and valid for the entire following calendar month) is charged for accepting the first entry application at embassy, in case of applying for the employee card on the territory, the administrative fee is CZK 2,500 (approximately EUR 100). 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common residence permit is a long-term stay for the purpose of study. The consular fee for adults and children is 2,500 CZK (collected in € according to the Czech National bank exchange rate set on the first day of the month and valid for the entire following calendar month) and the administrative fee is 2,500 CZK (approximately EUR 100) for adults, 1,000 CZK (approximately EUR 40) for children under 15. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. It cannot be determined, the fees collected are a general revenue of the state budget and not of the immigration authorities. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? N/I 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount?

			Yes, the administrative fee for an adult applicant is 2000 CZK (approximately EUR 80), for a minor 500 CZK (approximately EUR 20). 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? In total 600 CZK (approximately EUR 24) for an adult applicant, 100 CZK (approximately EUR 4) for a child under 15 years of age.
	EMN NCP Estonia	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Estonia, the most common residence permit issued for employment reasons is the temporary residence permit for employment. The application fee for the temporary residence permit is 96 EUR*, if it was submitted in Estonia to Estonian Police and Border Guard Board or 125 EUR* if it was submitted at a foreign representation of Estonia. The same fee of 96 EUR* applies for the application of the extension of the residence permit. Ordering a document to a foreign representation will cost 20 EUR in addition to the state fee. Changing the pick-up location of a document will cost 10 EUR but changing the pick-up location from one foreign representation to another will cost 80 EUR. *The state fees will be altered from 1 of January 2025. The application fee for the temporary residence permit for employment will be 250 EUR when submitted in Estonia and 280 EUR when submitted at a foreign representation. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Estonia, the most common residence permit issued for educational reasons is the temporary residence permit. The application fee for the temporary residence permit is 64 EUR* if it was submitted in Estonia or 95 EUR* if it was submitted at a foreign representation. The same fee of 64 EUR* applies for the application of the extension of the residnece permit. Ordering a document to a foreign representation will cost 20 EUR in addition to the state fee. Changing the pick-up

			location of a document will cost 10 EUR but changing the pick-up location from one foreign representation to another will cost 80 EUR. *The state fees will be altered from 1 of January 2025. The application fee for the temporary residence permit will be 225 EUR when submitted in Estonia and 255 EUR when submitted at a foreign representation. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? In Estonia, according to the law, a state fee is established based on the costs related to the performance of the act. Based on the purpose of an act, the benefits received as a result of the act, or material public interest and, above all, based on social or economic policy considerations, the rate of a state fee may be established on different basis than the cost principle. In the recent years, however, the state fees have not been covering all the costs related to the performance of the acts as the fees have not been raised for years. Therefore the fees will be altered from 1 of January. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? No, persons less than 18 years of age are exempt from payment of a state fee for the review of an application for Estonian citizenship (with some detailed exceptions). 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? In Estonia, the application fee for an alien's passport is 45 EUR* if it was submitted in Estonia or 70 EUR* if it was submitted at a foreign representation. A state fee of 35 EUR* is paid if said act is applied for via the self-service portal of the Police and Border Guard Board.

			*The state fees will be altered from 1 of January 2025. The application fee for an alien's passport will be 60 EUR when submitted in Estonia, 90 EUR when submitted at a foreign representation and 50 EUR when applied for via the self-service portal of the Police and Border Guard Board.
	EMN NCP Finland	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Finland, the most common residence permit issued for employment reasons is the residence permit for an employed person, which requires labour market testing (on the Finnish Immigration Service website "Residence permit for work: work requiring a partial decision"). The application fee for the first residence permit of an employed person is 740 EUR for paper application, and 540 EUR for electronic application. For extended permits, the same application fees apply for all residence permit categories. The fee for paper application is 430 EUR, and for electronic application 170 EUR. In Finland, only application fee applies, there are no separate issuance fees. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Finland, the most common residence permit issued for educational reasons is the residence permit for studies (maximum length is the duration of the studies). The application fee for the first residence permit for studies is 450 EUR for paper application, and 350 EUR for electronic application. For extended permits, the same application fees apply for all residence permit categories. The fee for paper application is 430 EUR, and for electronic application 170 EUR. In Finland, only application fee applies, there are no separate issuance fees. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes.

			4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? For residence permits for an employed person, the revenues from fees cover 89 per cent of the actual costs of processing these applications. For residence permits for studies, the revenues from fees cover 51 per cent of the actual costs of processing these applications. The cost-relatedness is calculated by using activity-based costing. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? No. In Finland, children can currently apply for citizenship free of charge as co-applicants with their parents, if the parents and children are applying for citizenship at the same time. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? In Finland, the application fee for an alien's passport is 44 EUR. There is no separate issuance fee. The application fee is paid upon submitting the application, and it is not refunded even if the application is rejected.
	EMN NCP France	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The residence permit most commonly issued for reasons of employment in France is the "employee" residence permit (38,325 first "employee" residence permits, under a permanent employment contract, issued in 2023). Since January 1, 2022, the amount paid for the first issue and renewal of an "employee" residence permit has been €225 (€200 tax and €25 stamp duty). 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in

			Euros?* The residence permit most commonly issued for educational reasons in France is the "student" residence permit (108,375 first "student" residence permits issued in 2023). Since January 1, 2022, the amount paid for the first issue and renewal of a "student" residence permit has been €75 (€50 tax and €25 stamp duty). 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. No. The purpose of the taxes and stamp duties for issuing residence permits is to cover the cost of their manufacture and delivery, as well as to help finance the running costs of the prefectures and support the integration measures provided free of charge to foreign nationals arriving in France. However, while part of the revenue from stamp duty is paid to the National Agency for Secure Documents (Agence Nationale des Titres Sécurisés, ANTS), which is responsible for supervising the purchase and delivery of residence permits, the tax on residence permits is essentially allocated to the general budget, making it impossible to establish a relation between the actual cost of processing applications and the level of tax. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? n/a 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? Yes, in general, a naturalisation application for a minor child costs 55 euros, which corresponds to the tax stamp. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien’s passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country?

			In France, the travel document for foreign nationals (titre de voyage pour étranger, TVE) allows beneficiaries of international protection (refugees, beneficiaries of subsidiary protection, stateless persons) to travel outside of France. The fee for this permit is 40 euros if the third-country national (RPT) has a multi-annual residence permit (4 years), and 45 euros if he or she has a residence permit (10 years). This fee corresponds to the cost of the tax stamp. The travel document for foreign nationals (document de circulation pour étranger mineur, DCEM), required to travel outside of France, is issued upon payment of a fee of 50 euros to be paid in the form of a tax stamp when the document is issued to foreign minors at least one of whose parents holds one of the following cards: - temporary residence permit, - multiannual residence permit, - resident's card, - long-stay visa valid as a residence permit
	EMN NCP Germany	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common residence permits issued for employment reasons in Germany are the EU Blue Card as well as the residence permit issued for other employment purposes. Whereas the issuance of an EU Blue Card presupposes a certain minimum salary this is not the case for the residence permit issued for other employment purposes. The fee of the first issuance of the EU Blue Card is 100 euros. Extending an EU Blue Card for a further stay of up to three months costs 96 euros. Extending an EU Blue Card for a further stay of more than three months costs 93 euros. Altering the residence permit to an EU Blue Card as the result of a change in the purpose of residence, including its extensions costs 98 euros. The first issuance of the residence permit for other employment purposes costs 100 euros. Extending the residence permit for other employment purposes for a further stay of up to three months costs 96 euros of fees. Extending the residence permit for other employment purposes for a further stay of more than three months costs 93 euros. Altering the residence permit to a residence permit for other employment purposes as the result of a change in the purpose of residence, including its extensions costs 98 euros. In accordance with Section 49 (2) of the Ordinance Governing Residence the fee for processing the application for both the EU Blue Card and the residence permit for other employment purposes amounts to the stipulated fee for granting or extending the residence title. Pursuant to Section 69 (7) of the Residence Act the processing fee is to be

			offset against the fee for the individually attributable public service. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common residence permit issued for educational reasons in Germany is the residence permit for further education, including for full-time studies at a state or state-recognized university or a comparable education institution and for preparation for courses of study. The first issuance of these residence permits costs 100 euros. Extending these residence permits for a further stay of up to three months costs 96 euros of fees. Extending these residence permits for a further stay of more than three months costs 93 euros. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? Pursuant to Section 69 (2) of the Residence Act the fees are calculated based on the costs which are eligible, according to business principles, for inclusion in the accounts as indirect and overhead costs, especially personnel and material costs and imputed costs. Section 69 (5) of the Residence Act stipulates that the fees which are fixed in a statutory instrument (in this case the Ordinance Governing Residence) may not exceed certain maximum rates. The costs of a legal reform (including the costs for processing applications for residence permits) are included in the draft legislation. In order to calculate the costs, usually the average amount of hours needed to process a case is multiplied by the average wage per hour worked on that case. Hence, the costs of an average case should be covered by the fees. However, as each application requires a different amount of processing time, due to the complexity of the case, the fees may cover the actual costs totally or partially or might occasionally be higher than the actual costs. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO.

			If yes, what is the amount? Yes, for a minor child who is naturalized at the same time as its parents the fee amounts to 51 euros. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The fee charged for issuing a regular alien´s passport to persons above the age of 24 amounts to 70 euros. For persons under the age of 24 the fee amounts to 38 euros.
	EMN NCP Greece	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most commonly issued residence permit for employment reasons is that of dependent employment and the fee is determined to 150 euros. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most commonly issued residence permit for educational reasons is that for the reason of studies according to the provisions of the Directive 2016/801 and the fee is determined to 150 euros. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. The level of the above fees was readjusted in order to comply with the principle of proportionality provided in european legislation. In any case, the fee is not returned to the person concerned if an application is rejected. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this?

			N/A 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? There is a fee of 100 euros collected for a child applying for acquisition of Greek citizenship, according to specific national provisions for children who: acquire the Greek citizenship by birth and attendance of a Greek school. In this case, the child must have been born in Greece to foreign parents, one of whom has resided in the country for at least five years, and be enrolled in the 1st grade and continue his/her studies uninterrupted by the time the application is submitted oracquire the Greek citizenship due to attending school in Greece. In this case, the child must have successfully completed (9) years of primary and secondary education or six years of secondary education. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The fees for processing travel documents for refugees – subsidiary protection beneficiaries are: 84,40 euros for persons over 14 years of age (for 5 years) 73,60 euros for persons up to 14 years of age (for 3 years)
	EMN NCP Hungary	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* General residence permit for the purpose of employment - Fee: EUR 110 - when the application is made outside Hungary (EUR 100 - when the application is made inside Hungary) 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?*

			Residence permit for the purpose of studies and student mobility- Fee: EUR 110 - when the application is made outside Hungary (EUR 100 - when the application is made inside Hungary) 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. No Each type of residence permit (with the exception of Blue Card) has the same procedural fees in Hungary, disregard of actual costs. Uniform fees simplify procedures and the workflow. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? N/A 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? No 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? HUF 12 000 (c. EUR 30)
	EMN NCP Italy	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Residence permit for employment purposes. The cost for the first issuance of a 2-year residence permit for employment purposes is:

			€30.46 for the electronic card fee €50 contribution €16 revenue stamp Please refer also to EMN IT response to AHQ 2024.46 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Please refer also to EMN IT response to AHQ 2024.46. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Please, see the previous answers. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? N/A 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? N/A 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? All applicants must pay a fee of €42. Additionally, the government concession fee of €73.50 apply to all applicants except to asylum seekers and subsidiary protection beneficiaries.

	EMN NCP Latvia	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Latvia residence permits are most often issued on the basis of employment to third countries nationals who want to be employed on the labor market. The rates of the state fee for the examination of documents necessary for requesting a residence permit are as follows: - examination of the documents submitted for requesting a temporary residence permit: within 30 days – 100 euros; within 10 working days – 200 euros; within five working days – 400 euros. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The number of residence permits most often issued in Latvia in connection with the acquisition of education is based on a study contract. - examination of the documents submitted for requesting a temporary residence permit for student of an accredited educational institution or a full-time student: within 30 days – 70 euros; within 10 working days – 200 euros; within five working days – 400 euros. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this?

			Regulations "On the state fee for the examination of documents necessary for requesting a visa, residence permit or permanent resident status of the European Union in the Republic of Latvia and related services" regulates the amount of state fees for the examination of documents necessary for requesting a residence permit and related services. The amounts of state fees are determined on the basis of the costs of providing services, which include the labor involved in providing the service, the costs of producing legal documents, as well as the costs of their compliance with legal requirements. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? Yes. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien’s passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The amount of the state fee for issuing a foreigner's identity card is 80 euros. The foreigner's identity card is issued within two working days.
	EMN NCP Lithuania	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Temporary residence permits. The processing fee for issuing temporary residence permits is 160 EUR. For applicants who request expedited processing, the fee is 320 EUR. The fee is charged for the entire process, which includes the acceptance of the application, its examination, the decision-making process, and the issuance (or non-issuance) of the residence permit. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?*

			Temporary residence permits. University and college students pay a reduced processing fee of 80 EUR. However, for applicants who request expedited processing, the fee is 320 EUR. The fee is charged for the entire process, which includes the acceptance of the application, its examination, the decision-making process, and the issuance (or non-issuance) of the residence permit. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Yes. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? The fee amounts are established by the Government under Resolution No. 1458, dated December 15, 2000, titled "On the Approval of the List of Specific State Fee Amounts and the Rules for Payment and Reimbursement of State Fees." The fee amounts are determined based on the cost of providing the service, which includes the labor involved in delivering the service, the cost of producing the legal document, as well as the cost of verifying compliance with legal requirements. The Government is obliged to review the fees annually and, if necessary, adjust them to take account of changes in the costs of providing the service. The fees are calculated on the basis of technological descriptions of the services. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? Yes A fee of 120 EUR is required for processing applications related to the restoration, simplified acquisition, naturalization, exceptional acquisition, or return of Lithuanian citizenship. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien’s passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country?

			The fees for travel documents and passports related to stateless persons, foreigners, and refugees are as follows: 50 EUR for the issuance or replacement of a stateless person's travel document or a refugee travel document. 100 EUR for the issuance or replacement of these documents under expedited processing within 5 working days. 65 EUR for the issuance or replacement of a foreigner's passport.
	EMN NCP Luxembourg	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Luxembourg the most commonly residence permit issued for employment reasons is the salaried worker residence permit. In Luxembourg there is no application fee for applying for the authorisation of stay but once the third country national has been granted the authorisation of stay as salaried worker s/he will have to pay an issuance fee of 80 EUR for the emission of the residence permit. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Luxembourg, the most commonly residence permit issued for education reasons is the international student residence permit. There is no application fee for applying for the authorisation of stay but once the third country national has been granted the authorisation of stay as international student, s/he will have to pay a fee of 80 EUR for the issuance of the residence permit. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. NO. The issuance fee is only for the production of the residence permit. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? N/A.

			5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? In Luxembourg the application for Luxembourg nationality is free of charge for the parents as well as for the children. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? In Luxembourg there is no application fee for the procedure to obtain an alien's passport. However, for issuing the travel document there is a fee of 50 EUR in accordance with article 3 (3) of the amended Grand ducal regulation of 26 January 2005 fixing the modalities for the obtention of a travel document for foreigners.
	EMN NCP Netherlands	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In The Netherlands, the most common residence permits issued for employment reasons are the residence permits for labour, such as, intra-corporate transferees, highly skilled migrants and work in employment. The application fee for these residence permits is 380 EUR. For extended permits, the same application fee applies. In The Netherlands, only application fee applies, there are no separate issuance fees. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In The Netherlands, the most common residence permit issued for educational reasons is the residence permit for studies. The application fee for the first residence permit for studies is 228 EUR. For extended permits, the same application fee applies. In The Netherlands, only application fee applies, there are no separate issuance fees. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate.

			Yes. However, due to European directives and case law The Netherlands is sometimes forced to charge lower fees than the actual cost of processing the application. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? As mentioned in answer 3, the revenues not always cover the total cost of processing the applications. It is not possible to state to which extent the revenues and costs are in balance. Budget-wise, this is a part of the total budget of the ministry of Justice and Security. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? Yes, in The Netherlands, a fee of 151 EUR is collected for a child applicant (under 18 years) applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parents. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? In The Netherlands, the application fee for an alien's passport is 63,40 EUR. There is no separate issuance fee.
	EMN NCP Norway	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Norway did not participate in the Polish Ad hoc, instead take a look at our website showing all relevant fees for different types of permits: Fees - UDI Work permit (including renewals): 527,94 Euro Group permit for employers (per worker): 527,94 Euro Norway's au-pair scheme was discontinued from 15 March 2024 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer

			Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Study permit for applicants over the age of 18 (also renewals): 452,52 Euro Study permit for applicants under the age of 18 is free. Permit for researchers with own funds: 452,52 Euro 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. YES 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? The application fee for a type of application reflects what it on average costs embassies, the police and UDI to process this type of application. When the fee is calculated, both costs that are directly connected to the case processing and a share of the indirect costs (such as management, general operations and IT) are included, if relevant. When Norwegian authorities evaluate and update the costs connected to the different application types, in order to set the fees, we use conservative estimates so that the applicants do not have to cover unnecessary expenses. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? NO 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? Immigrant passport and travel document:

			Persons who has a permit based on their application for protection (the first time you get a travel document) 0,- Persons who are returning to their home country with IOM and are not able to get a passport from their home country 0,-Persons over 18 years old, who has a permit which is not based on an application for protection (first time application)Euro 184,36Persons under 18 years old, who has a permit which is not based on an application for protection (first time application)Euro 100,56 Persons over 18 years old who previously has had their application for an immigrant's passport/travel document refusedEuro 184,36 Persons under 18 years old who previously has had their application for an immigrant's passport/ travel document refusedEuro 100,56 Persons over 18 years old whose current immigrant's passport/travel document has been lost or destroyedEuro 184,36 Persons under 18 years old whose current immigrant's passport/travel document has been lost or destroyedEuro 100,56Immigrant's passport for a single journeyEuro 184,36Immigrant's passport for a single journey for persons under 18 years oldEuro 100,56Renewal for persons over 16 years old (must be paid by all applicants)Euro 184,36Renewal for persons under 16 years old (must be paid by all applicants)Euro 37,71Persons over 16 years old applying for a new travel document after having changed their nameEuro 184,36Persons under 16 years old applying for a new travel document after having changed their nameEuro 37,71
	EMN NCP Poland	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* A temporary residence and work permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in Poland (under the Directive 2011/98/EU); The fees are: 440 PLN (approx. 101 EUR) – as a stamp duty for granting the residence permit and 100 PLN (about 23 EUR) as administrative fee for a residence card. The same fees concern consecutive permits.

			2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* A temporary residence permit for studies is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in Poland. The fees for temporary residence permits for study or educational reasons in Poland (including under the Directive 2016/801/EU) are: 340 PLN (approx. 78 EUR) – as a stamp duty for granting the residence permit and 100 PLN (about 23 EUR) as administrative fee for a residence card. The same fees concern consecutive permits. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. A stamp duty fee – No. However, such fees may increase at times due to e.g. price index of goods and services. Stamp duty fees traditionally constitute an income of the municipalities in which territories the provincial authorities granting the permits (voivodes) are based. An administrative fee for a residence card – Yes. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? A level of administrative fee for issuance of a residence card is related to the actual cost of issuance of a residence card. Costs of producing and issuing of a residence card, including in particular the collection and processing of data in order to record them in the residence card are taken into account (i.e. costs of purchasing and maintaining workstations for collecting biometric data, costs of maintaining systems used for the document personalisation process, labour costs (time spent by an employee on activities related to issuing a document to a foreigner) as well as the cost of purchasing and personalising a residence card). The administrative fee for a residence card constitutes an income of the state budget. However, the revenues from these fees are not received directly by the authorities which issue residence cards; they are also not dedicated directly to cover the costs of issuance of the residence cards.

			5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? No – a fee is collected for the application for being recognized as Polish citizen of the amount 219 PLN. The fact if the application concerns minor children of the applicant does not have an impact on the amount of fee, meaning that lodging one application for the parent and a minor child does not change the fee. The amount remains unchanged – 219 PLN. However, if parent lodges two applications, first for him/her and second (separate) for the minor child, the fee is collected for each of the application. At the same time, there is no fee collected in regard to the application to President of the Republic of Poland for Polish citizenship. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The fee for a Polish travel document for a foreigner is 350 PLN (approx. 80 EUR).
	EMN NCP Portugal	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In Portugal, there are only two types of Residence Permit – Temporary Residence Permit and Permanent Residence Permit (article 74 of the Foreigners Law). The residence permit most often issued for employment purposes in Portugal refers to the residence permit to carry out a subordinate professional activity, with a visa to seek employment, as provided for in Article 88(7). The temporary residence permit for carrying out a professional activity is valid for a period of two years from the date of issuance of the respective title and is renewable, for successive periods of three years. With regard to the fees, its application takes into account whether it is a situation with or without a consular visa waiver, but always includes the charging of amounts inherent to the assessment of the application and the cost of the title. We attached Ordinance No. 307/2023, of October 13th, translated into English, as well as the respective link to the legal diploma,It should be noted that the applicable rates are updated annually, on March 1st, in accordance with the current inflation rate. Citizens from the African countries with Portuguese as their official language (PALOP) are exempted, as well as student who have scholarship status.

			2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The residence permit most commonly issued for educational purposes is the Residence Permit issued to Higher Education Students – Article 91 of the Foreigners Law. Citizens who benefit from scholarships granted by the Portuguese State (Instituto Camões, FCT, Universities) are exempt from paying reception and analysis fees (they only pay the financial cost of issuing the title). 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. See reply to Q1 above on fees. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? No information available. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? NO. We should start by clarifying that the nationality processes of both parents and children are autonomous. Although some countries do allow the request of the parents to be extended to the child, that is not the case of the Portuguese legal system. Therefore, the answer to your questin is as follows: - A request to grant nationality to a minor is free of charges; - A request to grant nationality, by naturalization, to a minor, in accordance with 6th, paragraphs 2, 3 and 5, of the Nationality Law, is free of charges; - A request to acquire nationality, by effect of will, in accordance with article 2 of the Nationality Law, amounts to (euro)200; - A Requests for the attribution and acquisition of nationality, by the parents themselves (adults) are, generally, paid according to the 'Registration and Notary fees Regulations', which follow: "Article 18. 2.1.1 - Procedure for registering births occurring abroad or for attributing Portuguese nationality to an adult, including records of reduction to writing of verbal statements made for this purpose, the respective records and documents obtained ex officio - (euro) 175. 2.2 - Acquisition: 2.2.1 -

			Procedure for acquiring nationality by will, adoption or naturalization relating to adults, including the document of reduction in writing of verbal statements made for this purpose, the respective registration and documents obtained ex officio - (euro) 250; 2.2.2 - Procedure for acquiring nationality by will or by naturalization relating to an incapacitated person, including the document of reduction in writing of the verbal statements made for this purpose, the respective registration and documents obtained ex officio - (euro) 200." 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The fee charged on a foreigner's passport is 121,16 euros.
	EMN NCP Serbia	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* In the Republic of Serbia, a single permit for residence and work is issuing to the foreigner who fulfills prescribed conditions and can prove one of the grounds for issuance of single permit: 1) employment, 2) be assigned or delegated person, 3) intra-corporate transfer, 4) be an independent professional 5) professional training and development 6) self-employment. The most often ground for issuing single permit is employment contract. When submitting a request for issuing a single permit for residence and work, administrative fee amounting 185 EUR shall be paid. If the positive decision has been made, additional 35 EUR shall be paid for the issuance of a biometric personal card. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?*

			The most common temporary residence permits issued for educational reasons is temporary residence for studies (university). The application fee for the residence permit for educational reason is 190 EUR and additional 35 EUR for biometric card. Foreign citizens who have scholarship of the Government of the Republic of Serbia are exempt from paying administrative fees. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. EMN Serbia does not have accurate information. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? N/A 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? NO 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The fee for the issuance of travel document for the persons who are granted international protection is 60 EUR.
	EMN NCP Slovakia	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most commonly issued residence for the purpose of employment in the Slovak Republic is the temporary residence for the purpose of employment.

			The fee for the application submission is 140 EUR. The fee for the issuance of a residence card and its delivery to an address in Slovakia is: within 30 days - 10 EUR within 2 business days - 39 EURas a substitute for a lost, destroyed, damaged or stolen card - 29 EURas a substitute for lost, destroyed, damaged or stolen residence card within two consecutive years - 54 EUR See also AHQ 2024.46 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most commonly issued residence for educational reasons in the Slovak Republic is the temporary residence for the purpose of studies. The submission of application is free of charge. The fee for the issuance of a residence card and its delivery to an address in Slovakia is: within 30 days - 10 EUR within 2 business days - 39 EURas a substitute for a lost, destroyed, damaged or stolen card - 29 EURas a substitute for lost, destroyed, damaged or stolen residence card within two consecutive years - 54 EUR 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. The cost-effectiveness of administrative procedures is not generally monitored when determining administrative fee rates. Exceptions exist for individual adjustments of fees. Some fees are set with a focus on social aspects (e.g., issuing identity cards), while others (e.g., vehicle registration fees) are set in such a way that part of the fee functions as a tax. Submitting an application for a residence permit for the purpose of study is not charged due to the aforementioned social aspect and also to support the arrival of foreign students in the country. This is reflected in several strategic documents of the Slovak Republic in this area (e.g., the Recovery and Resilience Plan of the Slovak Republic, the Strategy for the Internationalization of Higher Education until 2030, etc.).

			4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? There is no established methodology for calculating the actual costs of administrative proceedings (in this case, the costs of processing the application and issuing a residence permit). However, it can generally be stated that the costs should include material and technical expenses (consumables, office space, IT equipment), a portion of employee wages, energy costs, and particularly the depreciation and operation of the administrative information system. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? A child until the age of 14 is automatically included in the application of his/her parent. The fee does not change in that case. Fees are as follows: a person older than 18 years of age – 1000 EURa child up to 15 years of age – 140 EUR a child from 15 to 18 years of age – 210 EUR 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? Issuance of a Foreigners' passport to a foreign national – 50 EUR a foreign national aged 5 to 15 - 20 EURa foreign national younger than 5 years of age – 12 EUR.
	EMN NCP Slovenia	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Single permit. The sum total fee paid by the TCN is 74,50 EUR if the application is submitted to the competent authority in the

			Republic of Slovenia (70,00 EUR for the administrative fee for the process of issuing a single permit and 4,50 EUR administrative fee for the application form). If the application is submitted at a diplomatic mission or consulate of the Republic of Slovenia abroad, the sum total fee paid by the TCN is 115,00 EUR (102,00 EUR for the consular fee for the procedure of issuing all types of first permits for temporary residence and 13,00 EUR for the consular fee for the application form). Additionally, the price of the residence permit card must be paid which amounts to 15,47 EUR (in the case of personal service at the competent authority) or 26,51 EUR (in case of personal service by post). 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Temporary residence permit for the purpose of studies. The sum total fee paid by the TCN is 54,50 EUR if the application is submitted to the competent authority in the Republic of Slovenia (50,00 EUR for the administrative fee for the process of issuing temporary residence permits other than single permits and 4,50 EUR administrative fee for the application form). If the application is submitted at a diplomatic mission or consulate of the Republic of Slovenia abroad, the sum total fee paid by the TCN is 115,00 EUR (102,00 EUR for the consular fee for the procedure of issuing all types of first permits for temporary residence and 13,00 EUR for the consular fee for the application form). Additionally, the price of the residence permit card must be paid which amounts to 15,47 EUR (in the case of personal service at the competent authority) or 26,51 EUR (in case of personal service by post). 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. n/a 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? n/a

			5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? Yes, the amount is 4,50 EUR. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The administrative fee is 27,20 EUR.
	EMN NCP Spain	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common permit for employment reasons is the residence and work permit for employed persons. The employer pays a variable amount for the application fee depending on the salary. If it is under two times the minimum inter-professional salary the fee is 203.84€. The third-country national will have to pay 10.94€ for the application fee, and 16.08€ for the issuance for the foreigner's identification card (TIE). 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common permit for educational reasons is the initial authorisation to stay for study purposes. The application fee for this permit is 122.30 €. If the duration of the stay for study purposes is longer than six months, the third-country national will have to pay 16.08 € for the issuance of the foreigner's identification card. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate.

			Yes 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? According to 'Orden PRE/1803/2011', the General State Budget will update the amount of the fees. An economic and financial report on the cost of the applications and on the justification of the proposed amount shall be drawn up. 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? Each member of the family must apply for citizenship independently. The fee depends on the way of getting the citizenship. If it is by residence, the fee is 104.05€. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The fee is 27.08€.
	EMN NCP Sweden	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common permit for employment is work permit where the application fee is 2200 SEK, approximately 181 Euros. All Swedish fees are application fees that are paid at the time of application and is not refunded if the application is refused. The application will not be handled until the application fee is paid. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* The most common permit for education is student residence permit where the application fee is 1500 SEK,

			approximately 123 Euros. All Swedish fees are application fees that are paid at the time of application and is not refunded if the application is refused. The application will not be handled until the application fee is paid. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. Not directly. The right to have fees and general amounts are defined in the Ordinance on fees (1992:191) and then implemented by the governmental agencies. There can be a goal regarding the share of the costs that should be covered by fees and this can differ between different types of applications. 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? The total amount of fees are declared in the yearly report of the Migration Agency and for 2023 the fees covered approximately 25% of the actual cost (calculated for all different permits covered by a fees), a decrease compared to previous years. The goal is that the fees should cover 65% of the cost for work permit, 80% of the cost for student permit och 15% of the cost for family reunification but the Migration Agency has no way of measuring these goals. For more information please see Migrationsverkets årsredovisning, 2023, p. 32-33. Migrationsverkets Årsredovisning 2023 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? No, not if the child is covered by the parent's application. 6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? The application fee is 750 SEK, approximately 62 Euros.

	EMN NCP Ukraine	Yes	1. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for employment reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Employment in Ukraine is the ground for issuing a temporary residence permit. A fee of €23 is charged for obtaining a temporary residence permit in connection with employment. This cost includes the cost of the state duty, the cost of the administrative fee, the cost of the administrative service and the cost of the document form. 2. Which residence permit is the most commonly issued for educational reasons in your Member or Observer Country, and what is the fee paid for it by the third-country national (including application fee and issuance fee) in Euros?* Studying in Ukraine is the basis for issuing a temporary residence permit. A fee of €23 is charged for processing and issuing a temporary residence permit in connection with studying. This cost includes the cost of the state duty, the cost of the administrative fee, the cost of the administrative service and the cost of the document form. 3. Is the level of fees mentioned in Q1 and Q2 related to the actual cost of processing these applications (cost-relatedness). YES/NO. If no, please elaborate. YES 4. If you answered yes to Q3, to which extent do the revenues from fees mentioned in questions 1 and 2 cover the actual costs of processing these applications, and how do you calculate this? The fees paid for the processing and issuance of temporary residence permits are transferred to the State Budget of Ukraine, which is used to finance the operations of the State Migration Service of Ukraine 5. Is there a fee collected from a child applicant applying for citizenship at the same time as his/her parent? YES/NO. If yes, what is the amount? NO

			6. What is the fee collected from third-country nationals for an alien's passport (passport of foreigners) in your Member or Observer Country? A fee of €151 is charged for issuance of stateless person's certificate for travelling abroad. This cost includes the cost of the state duty, the cost of the administrative fee, the cost of the administrative service and the cost of the document form.

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